

Table 3.4. **Comparative Growth Performance, 24 Countries, 1913–95**  
(annual average compound growth rates)

	1913–52	1952–78	1978–95	1913–52	1952–78	1978–95
	GDP Per Capita			Population		
Afghanistan	n.a.	0.5	–3.7	n.a.	2.0	0.9
Bangladesh	–0.3	0.0	1.6	1.0	1.7	2.1
Burma	–0.9	1.7	0.8	1.1	2.1	1.9
Cambodia	n.a.	1.1	–0.2	n.a.	2.1	2.6
China	–0.1	2.3	6.0	0.7	2.0	1.4
Hong Kong	n.a.	5.2	4.9	3.8	3.2	1.7
India	–0.3	1.7	2.8	1.0	2.2	2.1
Indonesia	0.1	2.3	3.9	1.3	2.1	2.0
Japan	1.4	6.7	2.7	1.3	1.1	0.5
Malaysia	1.8	2.9	4.4	2.4	3.0	2.5
Pakistan	–0.5	2.2	2.8	1.8	2.6	3.1
Philippines	–0.1	2.0	–0.3	2.1	3.0	2.5
Singapore	n.a.	5.2	5.7	3.2	2.8	1.4
South Korea	–0.3	5.5	6.6	1.8	2.3	1.1
Sri Lanka	n.a.	2.5	3.3	1.7	2.2	1.4
Taiwan	0.6	6.3	6.0	2.3	2.7	1.3
Thailand	0.1	3.6	5.9	2.2	3.0	1.7
Arith. Average	0.1	3.0	3.1	1.8	2.4	1.8
Australia	0.7	2.4	1.8	1.5	2.0	1.4
New Zealand	0.4	3.4	0.4	1.5	1.7	0.8
United States	1.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.3	1.0
USSR/Russia	2.7	3.2	–2.3 <sup>a</sup>	0.5	1.3	–3.3 <sup>a</sup>
France	1.3	3.7	1.3	0.1	0.9	0.5
Germany	0.7	4.2	1.0 <sup>a</sup>	0.8	0.7	1.7 <sup>a</sup>
United Kingdom	0.8	2.3	1.7	0.4	0.4	0.3
Arith. Average	1.2	3.0	0.8	0.9	1.2	0.3

a. Figures affected by boundary changes

Source: China from Appendices C and D, other countries from Maddison (1995a) updated from Asian Development Bank (1997), OECD, *National Accounts 1960–95*, Paris 1997 and World Bank, *Statistical Handbook 1995: States of the Former USSR*, Washington, D.C., 1995, and Maddison (1998). Malaysia 1913–52 GDP movement derived from Maddison (1970). Korean GDP 1953–83 from Pilat (1994). Figures are corrected for changes in geographic boundaries except for changes in USSR/Russia and Germany in the 1990s.